

مرارة التعليم Ministry of Education





AL NOOR INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL Riyadh, KSA

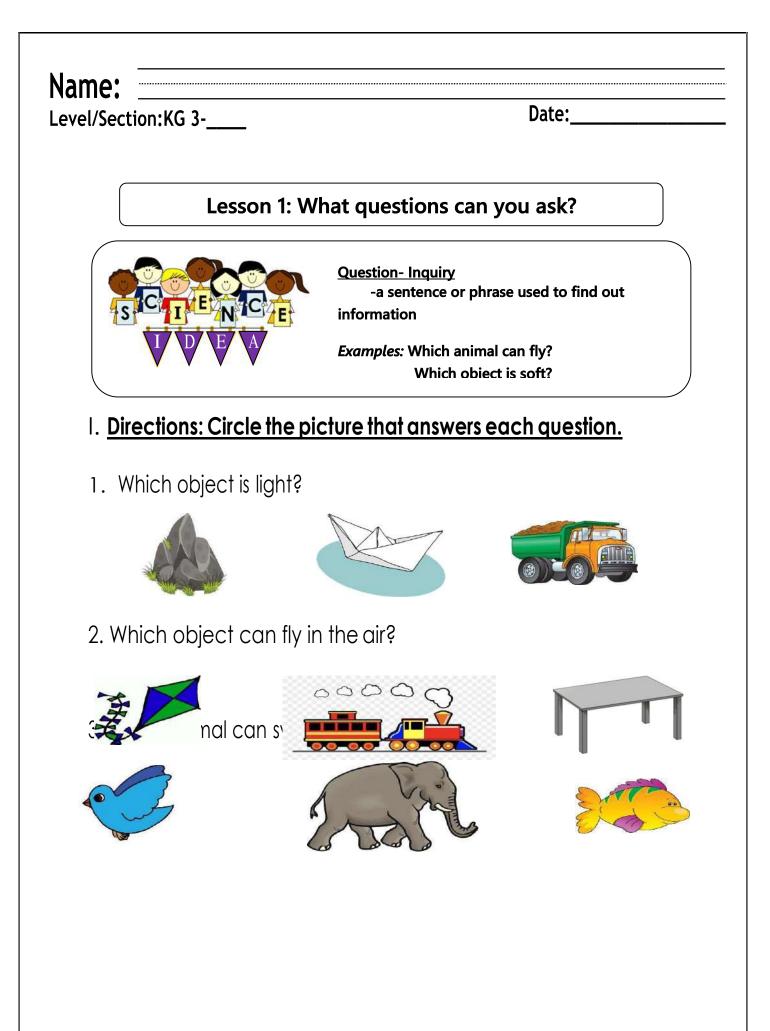
Science Workbook

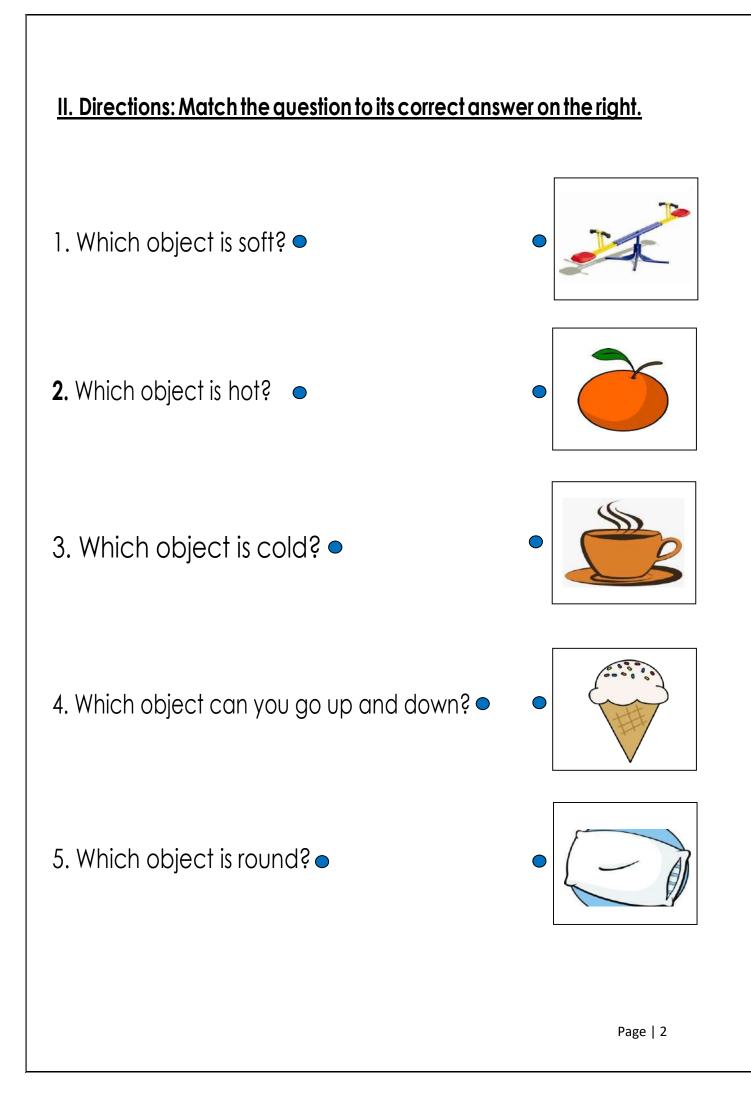
(KG3)

Name: ____

Grade: _____

Academic Year: ____





el/Section:KG 3	Date:
Lesso	n 2: How do you observe?
	 * We use our five senses to observe: <u>eyes, ears, nose, tongue, and skin</u> * We use our eyes to see. * We use our ears to hear. * We use our nose to smell. * We use our tongue to taste. * We use skin to feel.
I. A. Directions: Circle the	e correct body part being asked for.

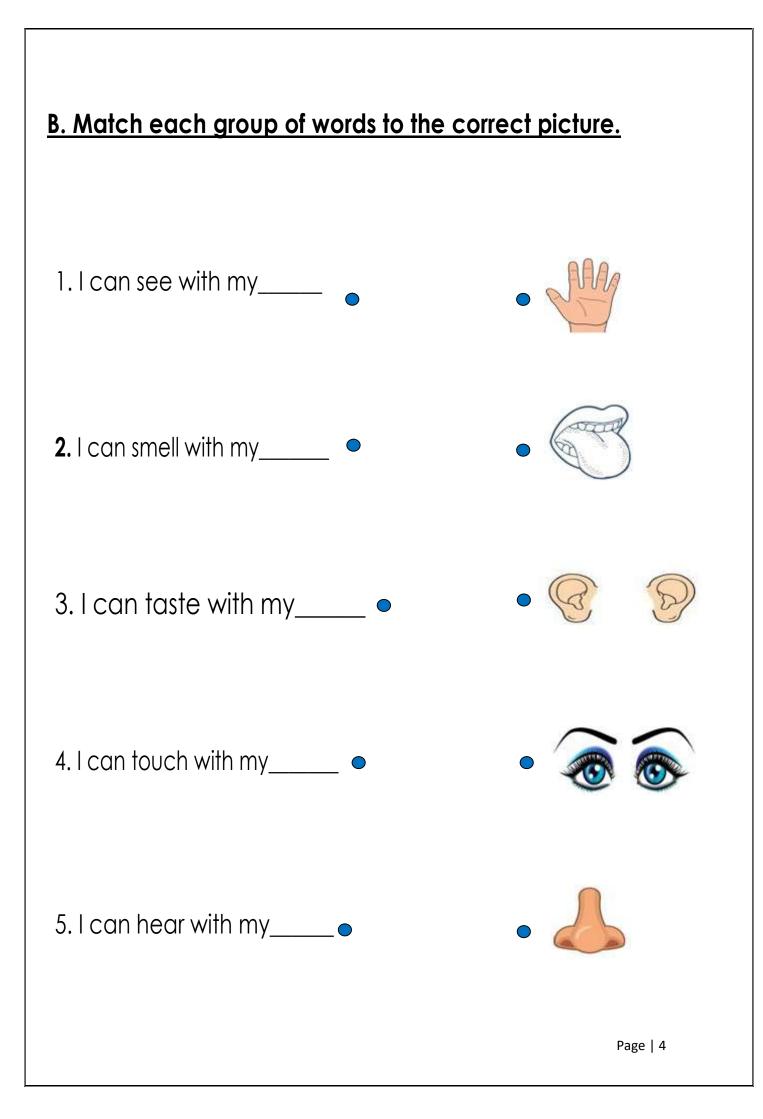
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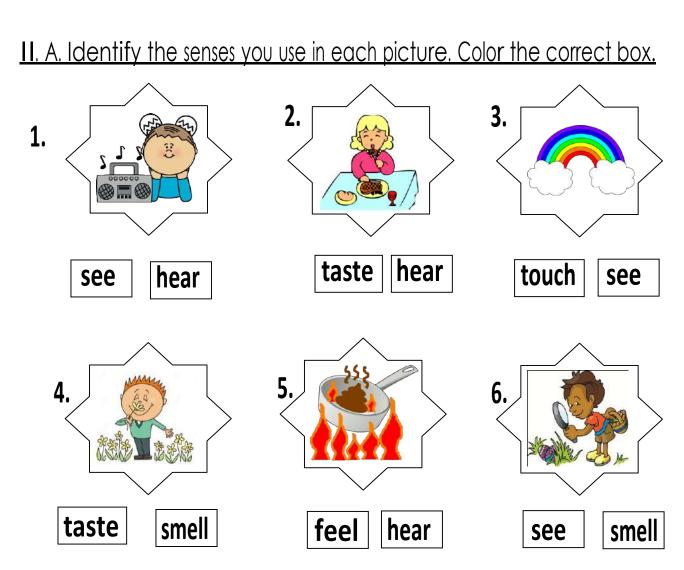
2. ears

3. nose

4. tongue

5. hand





B. Circle the pictures to answer the questions.

1. What can you observe by touching?





2. What can you observe by hearing?









Level/Section:KG 3-____

Date:____

Lesson 3: How do you learn together?

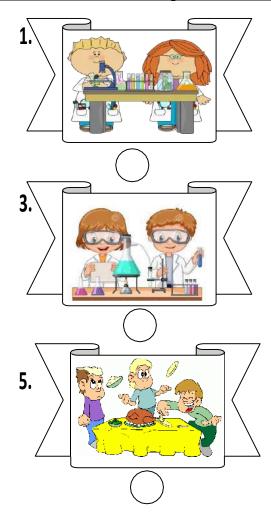


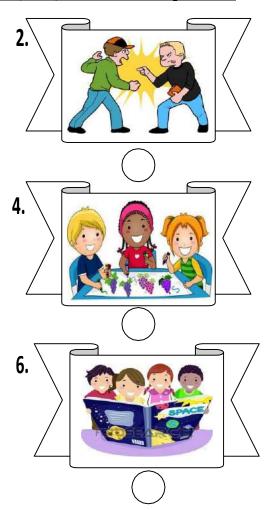
*<u>Learning together:</u>sharing ideas to others. *Examples*

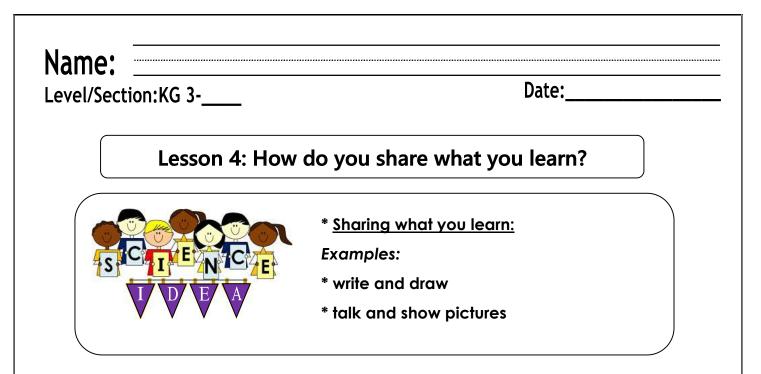
- *coloring together
- *doing activity together

*helping each other

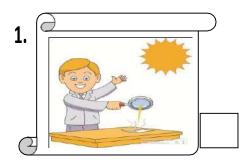
Directions: Check (\checkmark) if the picture shows learning together and (X) if not.

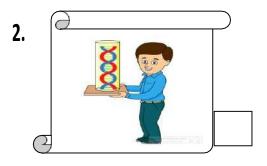


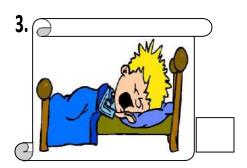


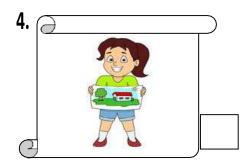


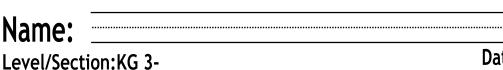
I. Directions: Color the box red if it shows sharing what is learned and yellow if not.









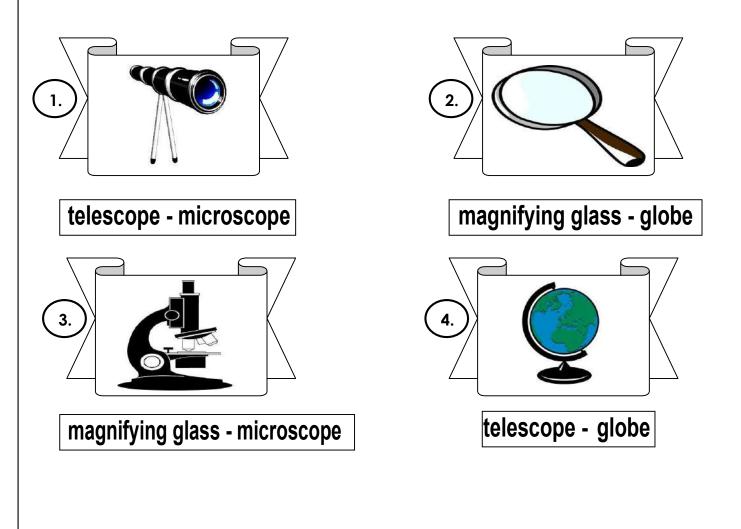


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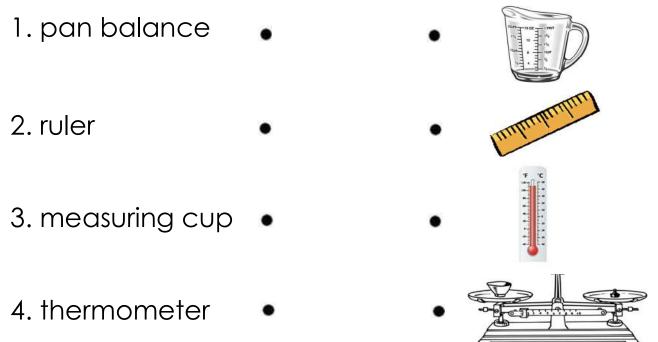
Lesson 5: What do you use to observe?



I.A. Name the tools which are used to observe. Circle your answer.



B. Match to name the tools which are used to measure.



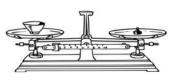
C. Circle the tool being asked for.

1. Which tool is used to observe the temperature?





2. Which tool is used to find the places in the world?

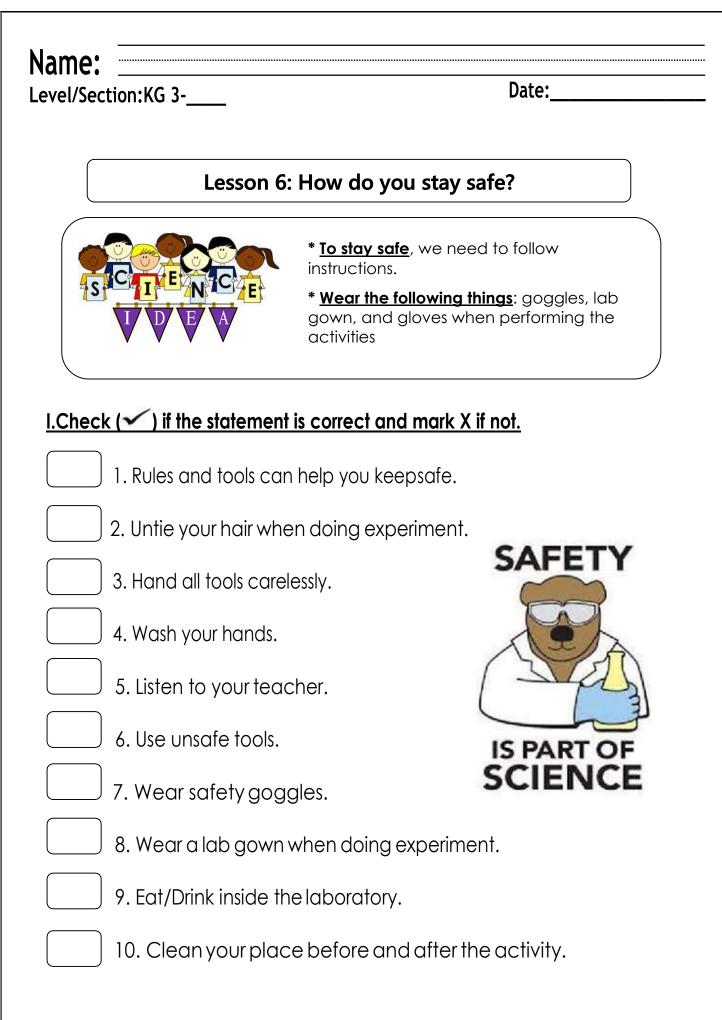




3. Which tool is used to observe the stars at night?





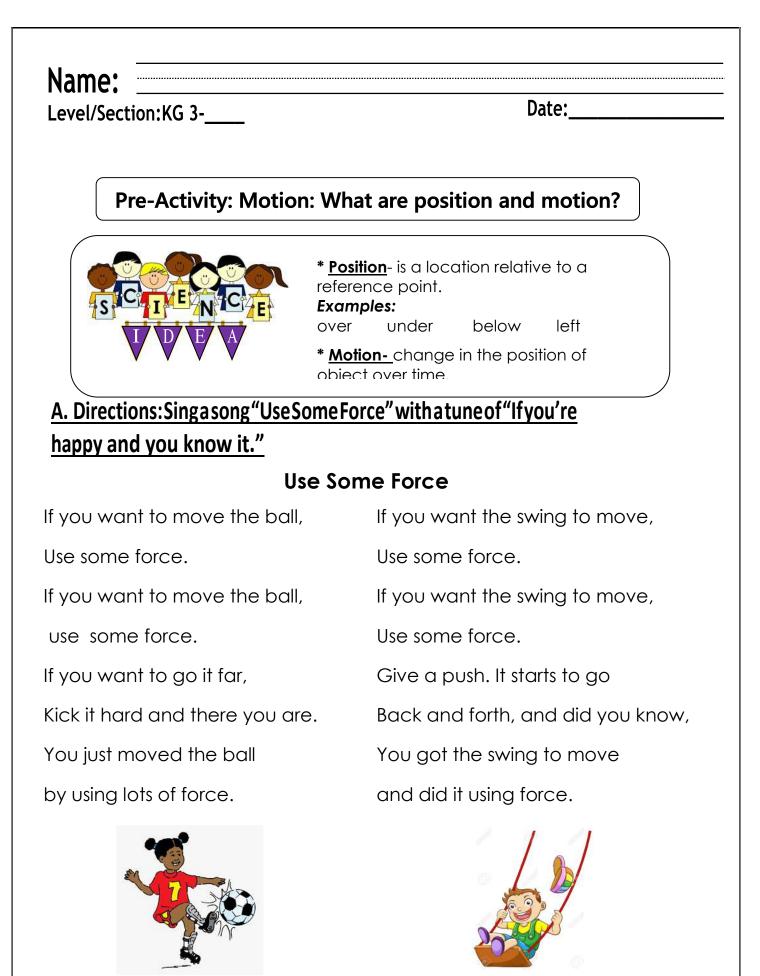


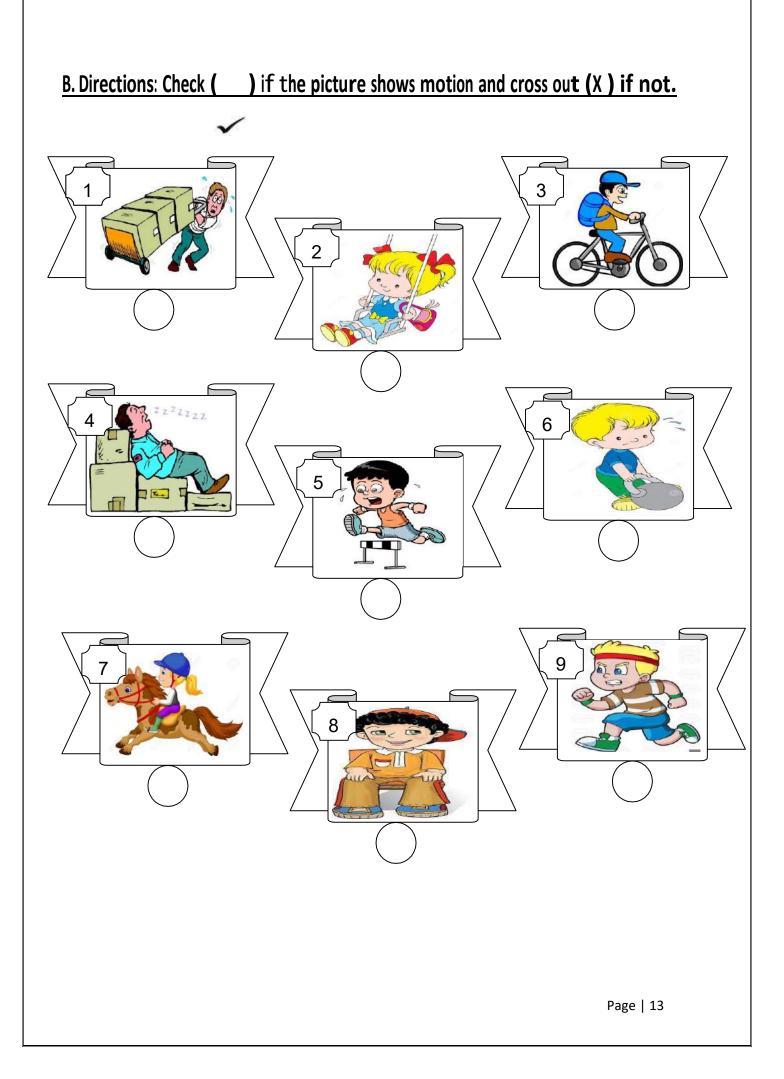
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II. Circle the picture that shows following the rule inside the laboratory and cross out (X) if not.



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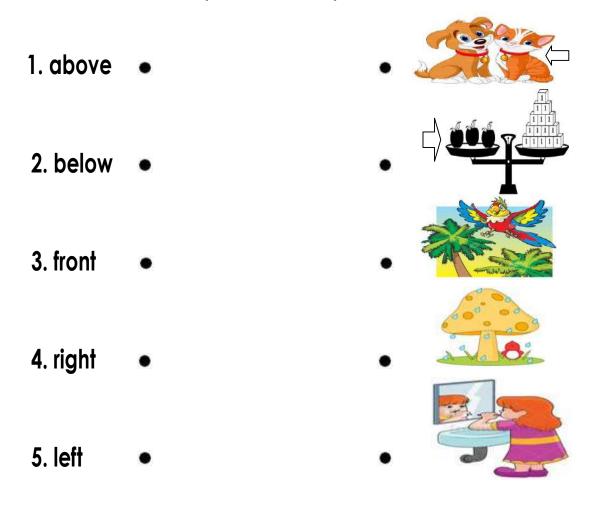
_____ Name: Level/Section:KG 3-____

Date:____

Lesson 1: What can you tell about an object's position?

	 * <u>Position</u>- is a location relative to a reference point (or origin of a coordinate system). - it is a point where something is located or placed. 				
V V V V	Examples:				
	over above	under back	below right	on left	in
\mathbf{X}					

Directions: Match the object to its correct position.

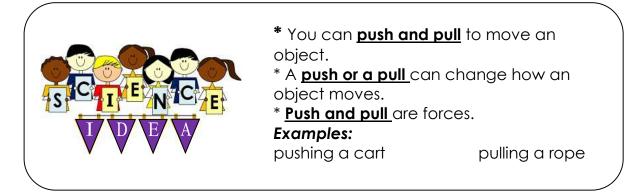


Level/Section:KG 3-____

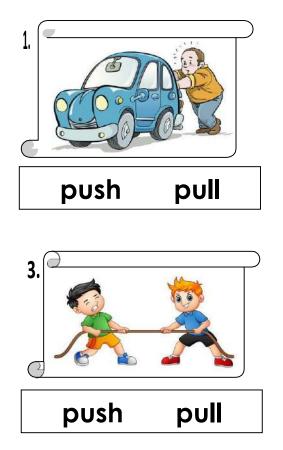
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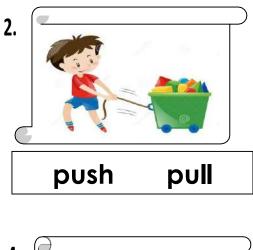
Lesson 2: What makes object move?

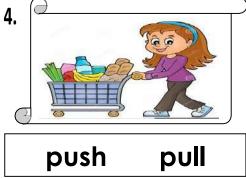
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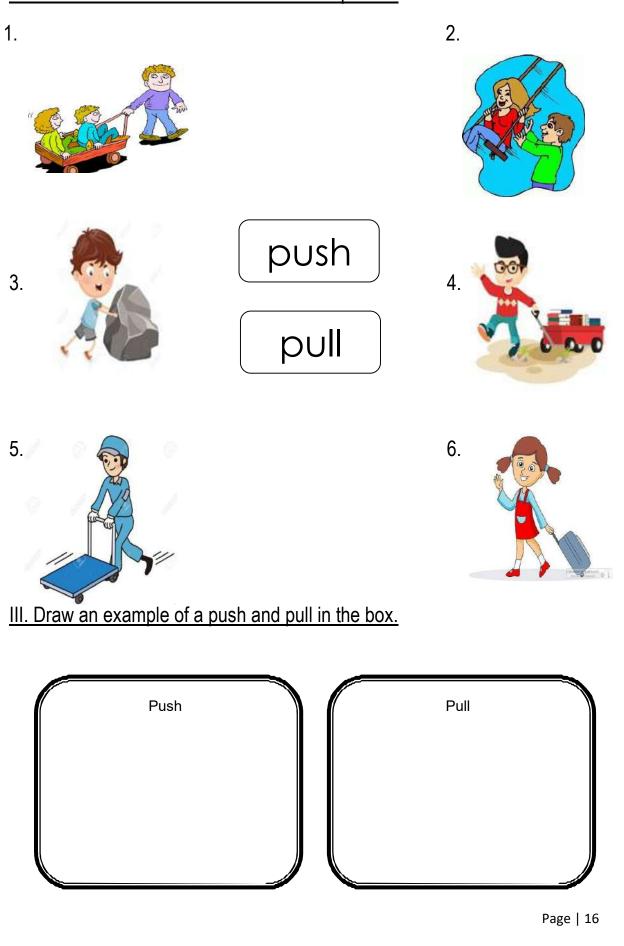
I. Directions: Identify the given pictures if the force used is push or pull. Circle the correct answer.







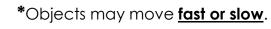
II. Directions: Match the word to its correct picture.



Name: ______ Level/Section:KG 3-____

Date:____

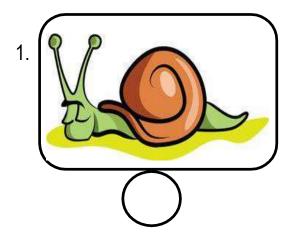
Lesson 3: What are some ways objects move?

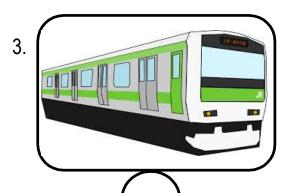


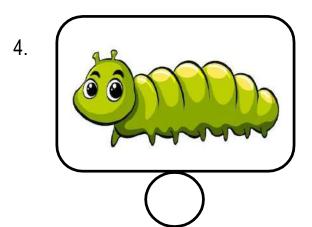
2.

- * A big push or pull can **speed up** object.
- * A big push or pull can <u>slow down</u> object.

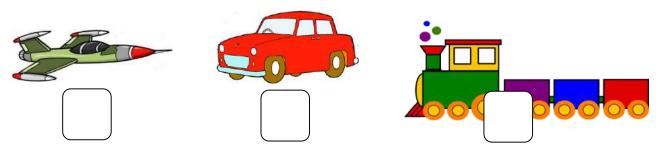
I. <u>Directions: Identify if the object moves fast or slow. Write F if</u> fast and S if slow.



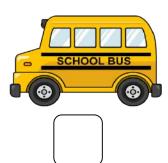




1. Arrange the following objects on how they move from slowest to fastest. Write 1, 2, 3 (1 is the slowest).



2. Arrange the following from fastest to slowest. Write 1, 2, 3 (1 is the fastest).

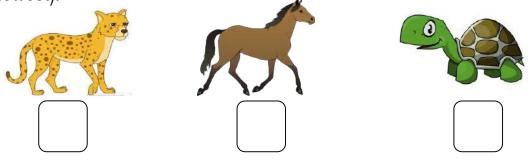








3. Arrange the following from slowest to fastest. Write 1, 2, 3 (1 is the slowest).



4. Arrange the following from fastest to slowest. Write 1, 2, 3 (1 is the fastest).





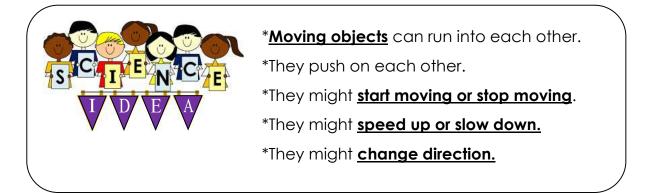






Date:

Lesson 4: How do moving objects affect each other?



I. Directions: Answer the following questions?

1. What will happen if you kick the ball gently?



2. What will happen if you kick the ball hard?



II. Directions: Circle the picture which shows that moving object affect each other.



me: el/Section:KG 3	Date:
Investigate	e It! How can you move the car?
	*There are other ways to move the car: <u>fast, slow, back and forth,</u> <u>curve, and angle.</u> * You can move the car by <u>pushing and pulling.</u>
	posining and poining.
How	<i>y</i> a Car Can Move
How	
 l. 2.	

ection:K	G 3	Date:	
	Lesson: Forces (P Performance expec	-	
Circlew	ords to tell what happens af	ter a soft push.	
Underli	ine words to tell what happen	s after a hard push.	
— — – ear	- — — — — — — — — — — fast		– – – sl
Draw th Push or	e object. r pull the object.		
	n arrow to show the direction	of the push or pull.	
Draw a	he object again at the end of t	he arrow.	
	ווכ טטוכנו מצמווו מנ נווכ כווט טו נ		

ame:	
vel/Section:KG 3	Date:
Lesson: Inqui	iry-Try It: Do plants need water?
	* <u>Plants need water to live,</u> grow and survive.
	h the answers from the activity that you performed.
What I did?	
	an a' ann a' a' ta
What happened?	

Level/Section:KG 3-____

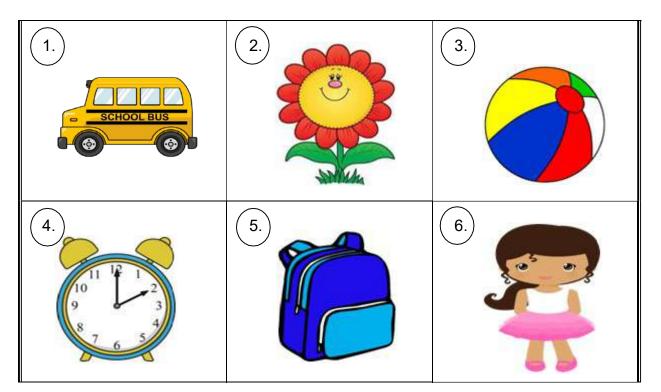
Date:____

Lesson 1: What are nonliving things?

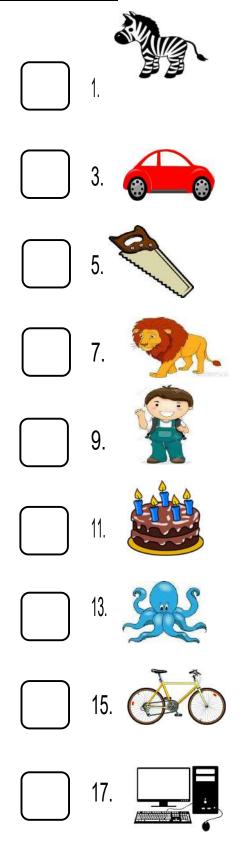


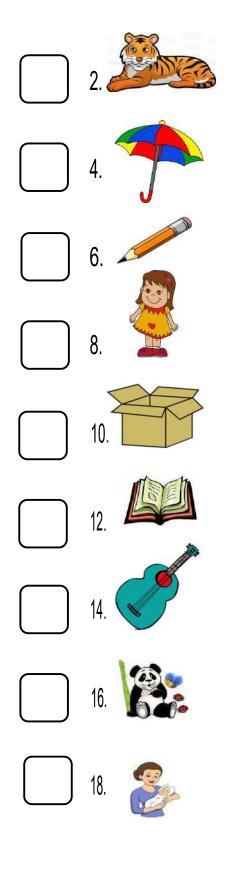
*Nonliving things are things that do not have life.
*They cannot reproduce, grow and change on their own, or respond to.
*They don't need food, water, and air.
Examples:
bag, cell phone, pencil, laptop, table

I. Directions: Circle all the non living things in the picture.

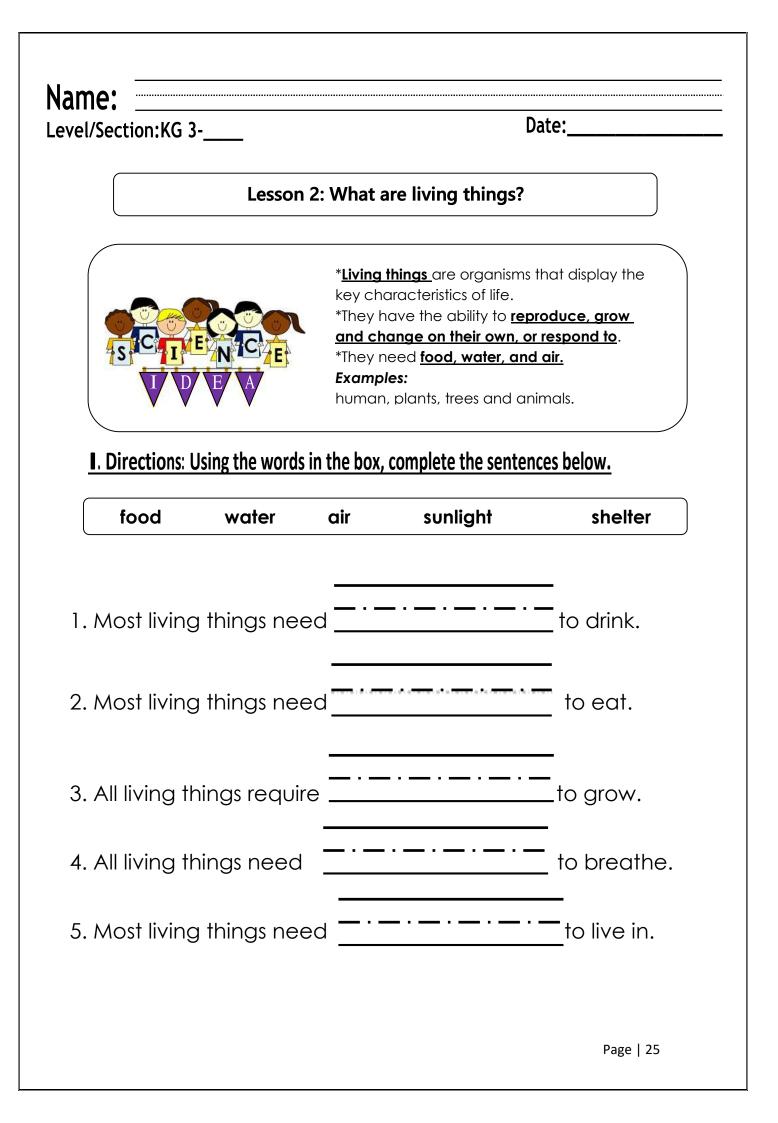


II. Check (\checkmark) if the picture shows non-living thing and cross out (X) if not.

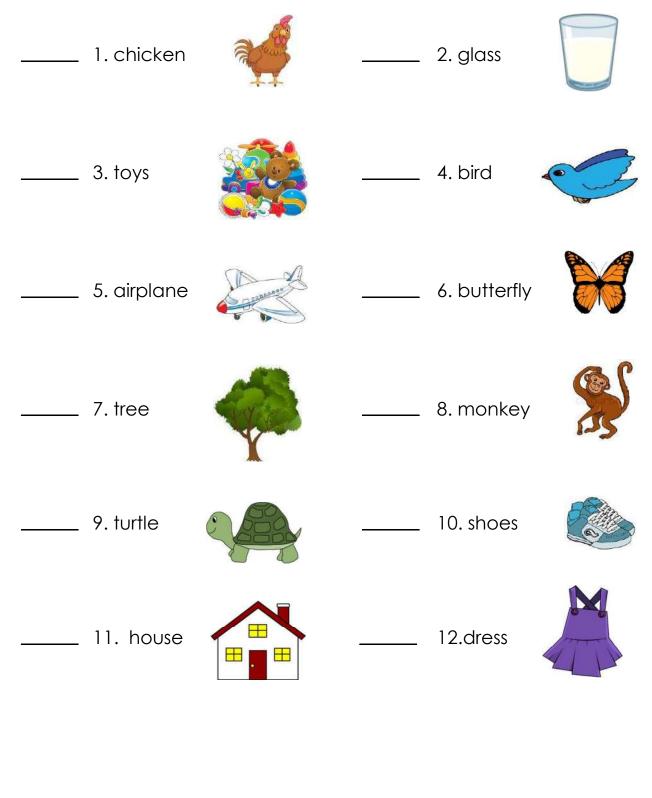


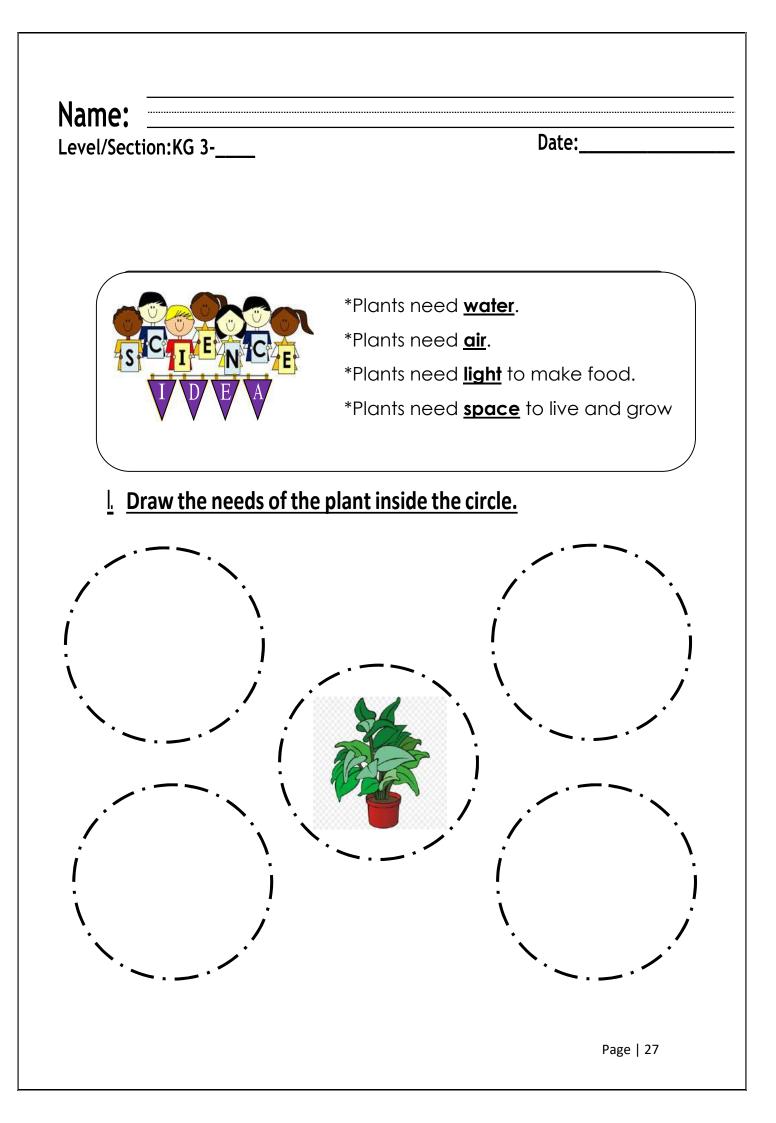


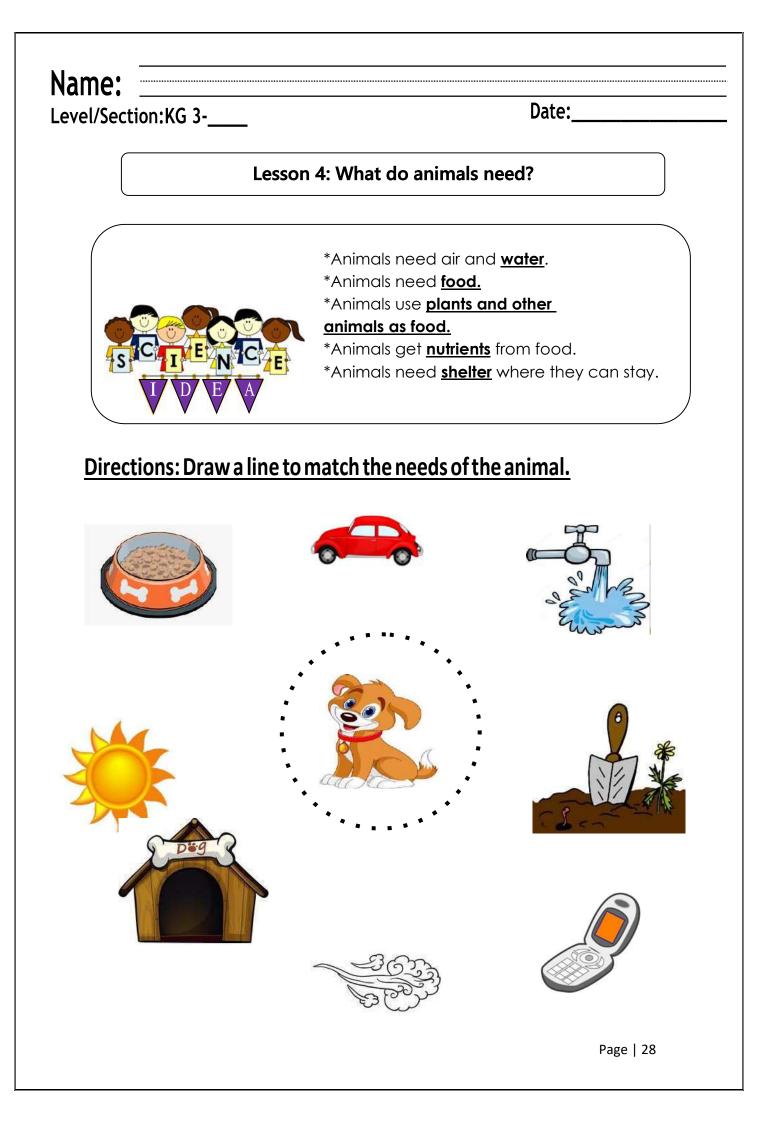
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II. Directions: Write L if living things and NL if non living things.



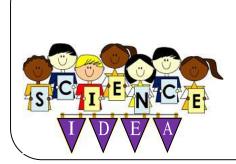




Level/Section:KG 3-____

Date:___

Lesson 5: What do you need?



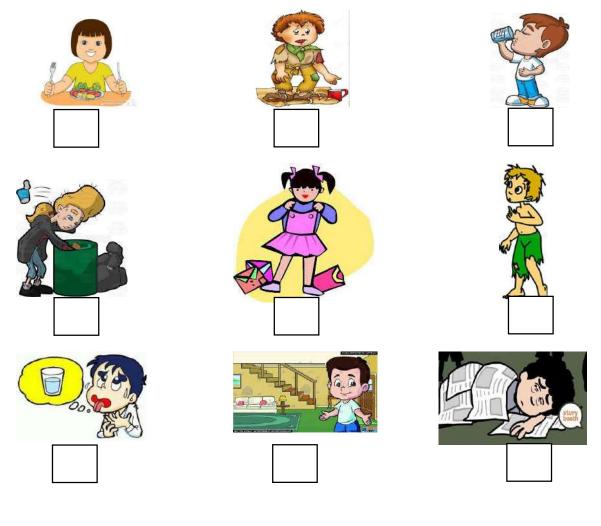
***People** are living things.

*People need <u>food, water, air, sunlight,</u>

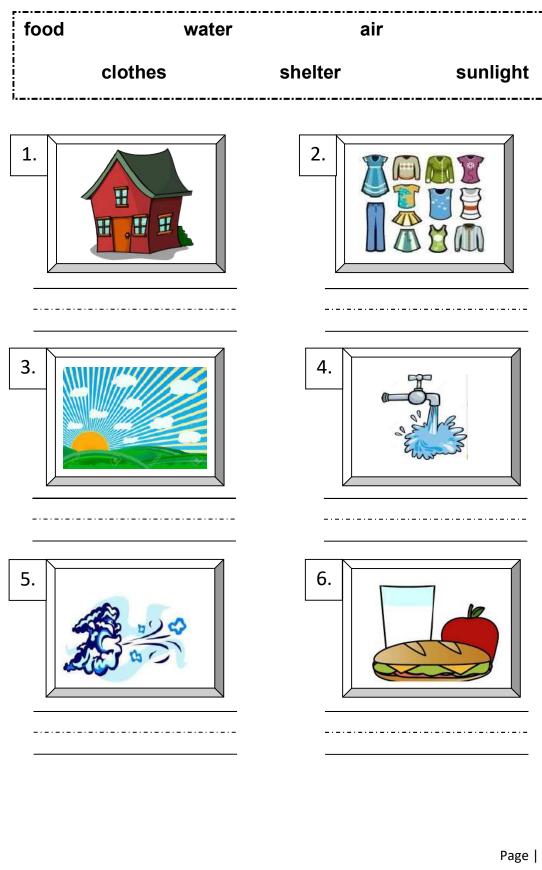
clothes, and shelter.

People use these basic needs to survive.

I. Directions: Color the box if the child were able to meet the needs and cross (X) if not.



II. Directions: Identify the needs of human. Choose the answer from the box.



Name: ______ Level/Section:KG 3-____

Date:___

Lesson 6: How do living things affect where they live?



*Living things make changes to meet their needs. *There are activities that affect where living things live. Examples: throwing trash, clearing land, clearing of mountains, and digging tunnels

I. Directions: Circlethepictures that can affect the place where living things live.













Level/Section:KG 3-____

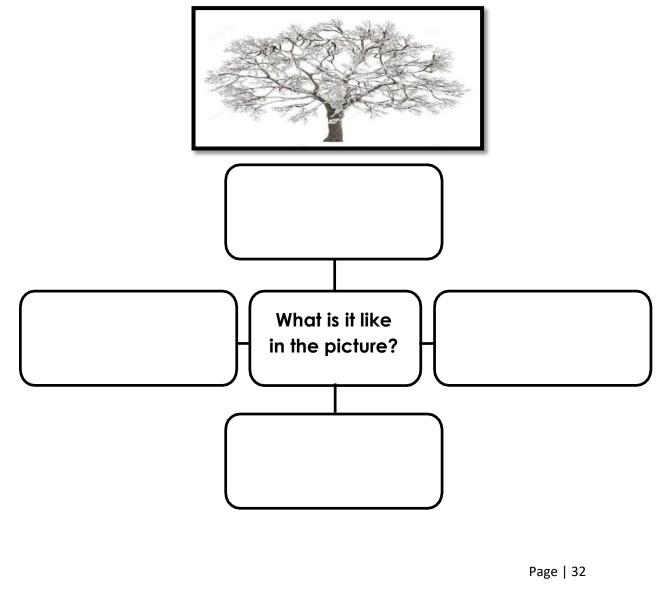
Date:___

Lesson: Inquiry-Try It: How does weather change?

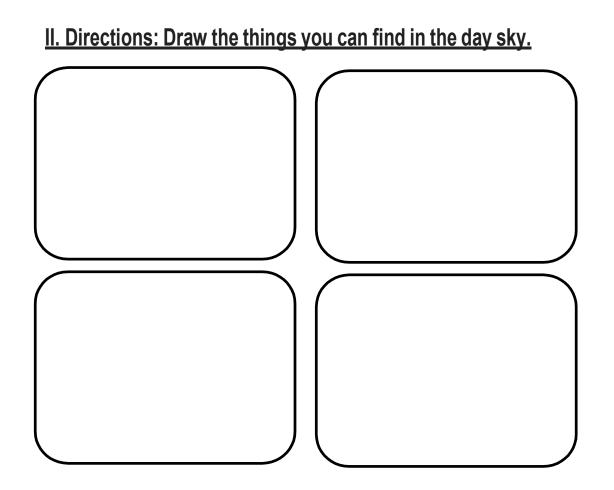


Weather is what the sky and the air outside are like such as cold and cloudy. The weather is more than just wind or rain, but also includes some stunning effects in the sky like rainbows, flashes of lightning, and sunsets.

Directions: Look at the picture. Then, answer the graphic organizer below.



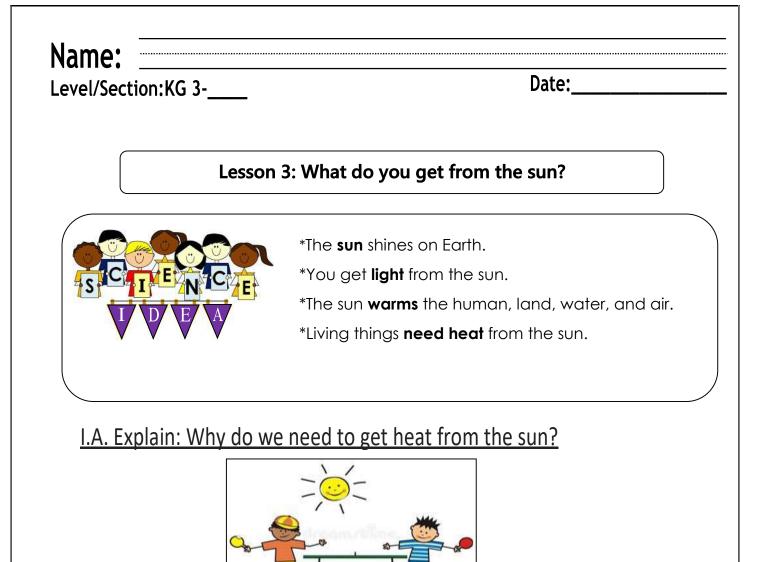
Name: Level/Section:KG 3-____ Date: Lesson 1: What can you see in the day sky? *You can see clouds and the sun in the day sky. *Sometimes you can see the moon in the day sky. I. Directions: Name the things you can find in the day sky. Choose the answer from the box. blue sky rainbow cloud moon sun Page | 33



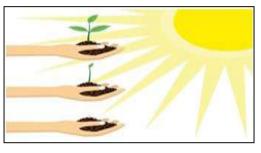
III. Infer: It is daytime but you cannot see the sun. Suggest a reason why you cannot see the sun.

IV. Apply: When you look up on the sky, do you ever see other things besides the sun, clouds, or moon?

ection:KG 3	Date:
Lesson 2: How does the s	sun seem to move?
rections: Identify if the picture s	<u>shows morning, noon, sunset or</u>
ning. Circle the correct picture b	
evening	morning
noon	sunset
	sunset Page



B. Explain: Why do plants need sun?



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Name: _

Level/Section:KG 3-____

Date:__

Lesson 4: What are some kinds of weather?

.....

*The **weathe**r can change every day.

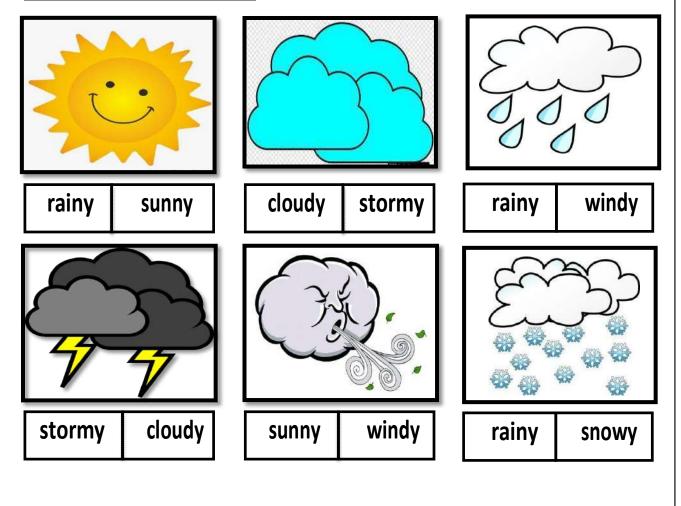
*The weather maybe **sunny**, **cloudy**, **windy**,

rainy or snowy.

*The weather can be **shown on a calendar**.

*The weather is **always changing within day**.

I. Directions: Identify the kinds of weather being shown. Color the box of the correct answer.



Level/Section:KG 3-____

Date:

Lesson 5: How can we use rock, soil, and water?

.....



*We use **rock** to build.

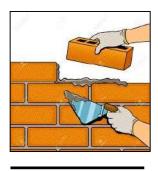
*We build houses, roads, and walls.

*We use **soil** to grow plants for food.

*We can use **wate**r to drink, wash, cook,

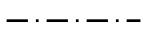
and clean.

Directions: Write what is being used: water, soil or rock.

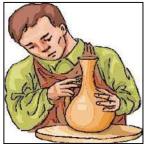












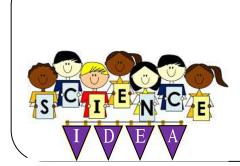




Level/Section:KG 3-____

Date:_

Lesson: Big World my World-Ready for the Weather

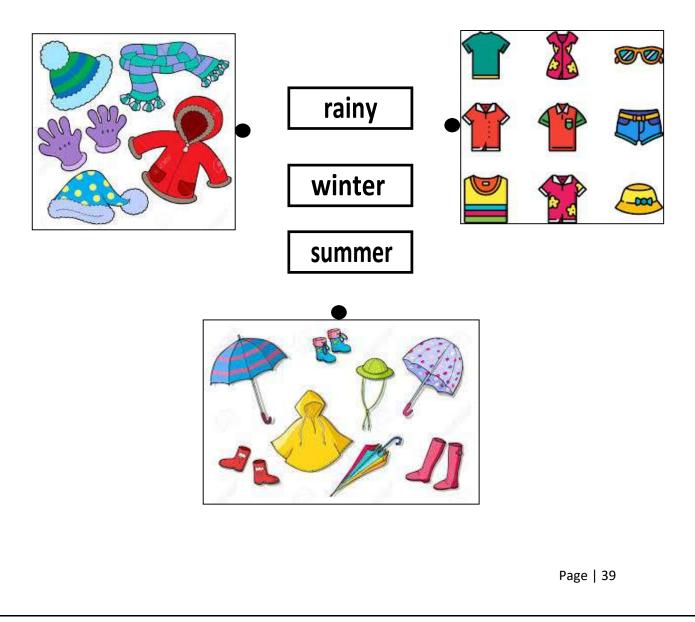


*We can use different types of clothes for different types of weather.

*In **winter**, we can wear scarf, jacket, and mittens.

*In **summer**, we can wear shorts, T-shirts, and other light clothes.

Directions: Match the sets of clothes to its weather .



1e:	Date:
Lesson 1: W	hat problem can you solve?
Directions: Write what might	t be the problem then give a solution.
Problem: — · — · — · —	· · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ ·
	· · · · · · · · ·
Solution:	· _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _
	· · · · · · · ·

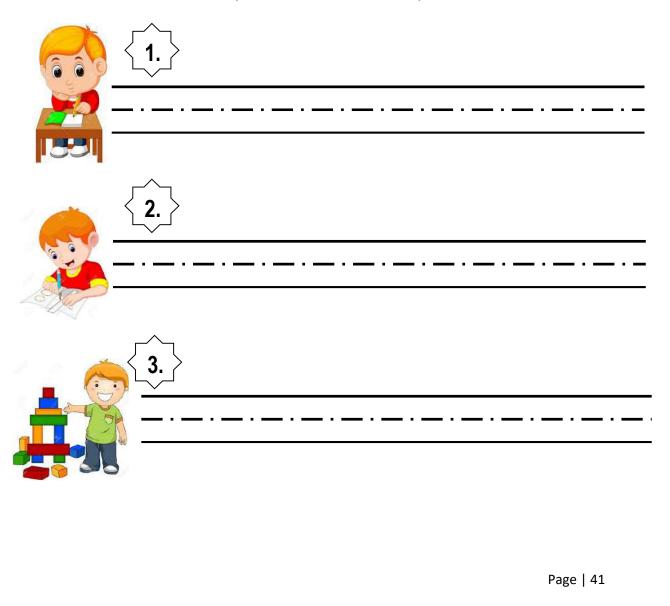
Level/Section:KG 3-____

Date:____

Lesson 2: How can you make a plan?



Directions: Write the steps on how to make a plan.

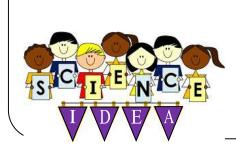


Level/Section:KG 3-____

Date:__

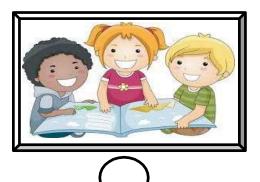
Lesson 3: How can you share ideas with others?

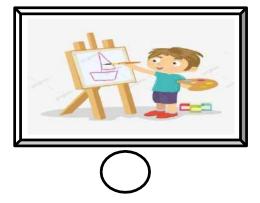
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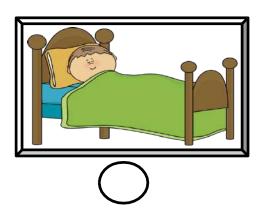


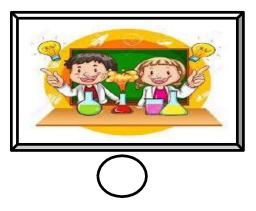
- * You share your ideas by **showing your** work to others.
- * One way you share idea is **by showing** what you draw.
- * You can also **help others** if they have a hard time solving one's problem.

Directions: Shade the circle if it shows sharing ideas to others and cross out (X) if not.





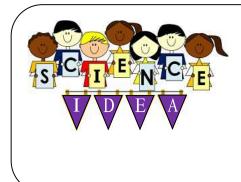




Name: ______ Level/Section:KG 3-____

Date:____

Lesson: Investigate It! How can you lift heavy things?



* You can lift heavy objects **by pushing and pulling on a ramp.**

* **Ramp** is an inclined plane, a type of simple machine used for lifting heavy objects.

Modify Your Investigation

Investigate the Question

How can you move other objectsup?

1. Draw two ways.

Way 1	Way 2